

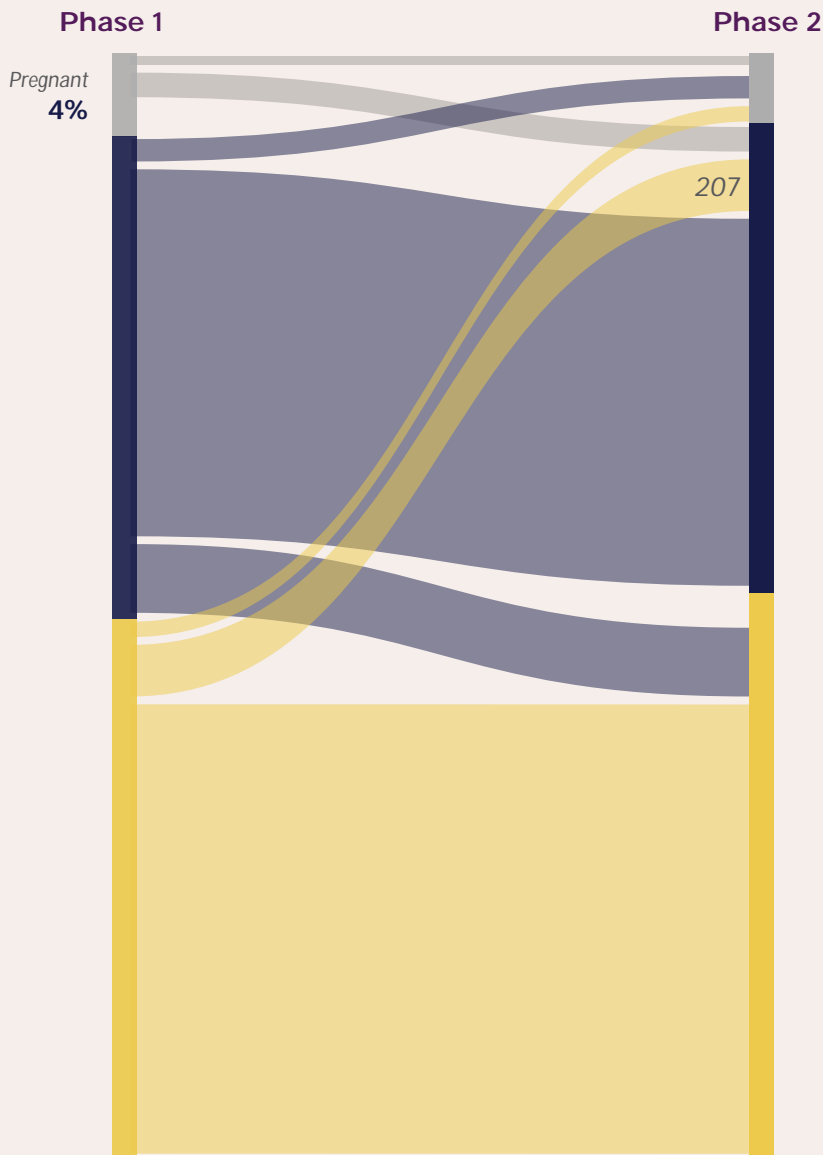


# Results from Phase 2 panel survey

September-December 2021

## SECTION 1: OVERALL CONTRACEPTIVE DYNAMICS

Percent of women age 15-49 who changed contraceptive use status between PMA Phase 1 (August-October 2020) and PMA Phase 2 (September-December 2021) (n=4,448)

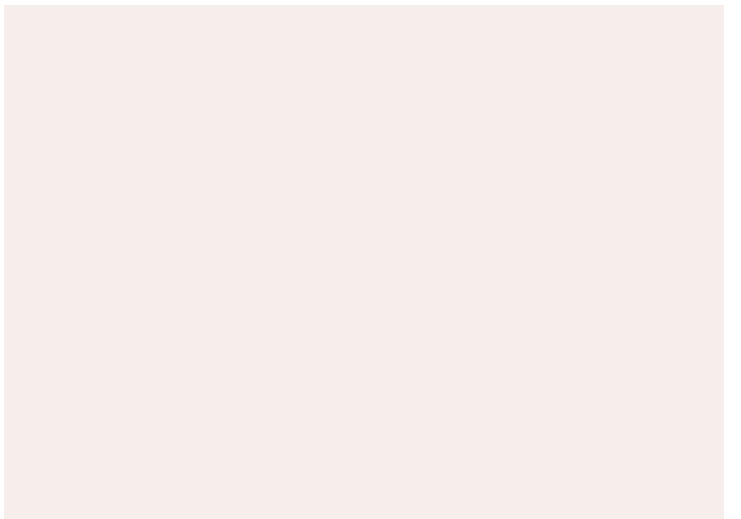
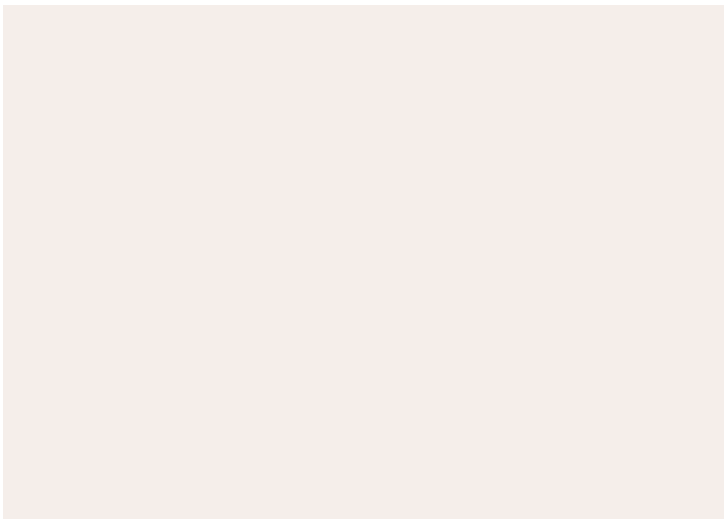
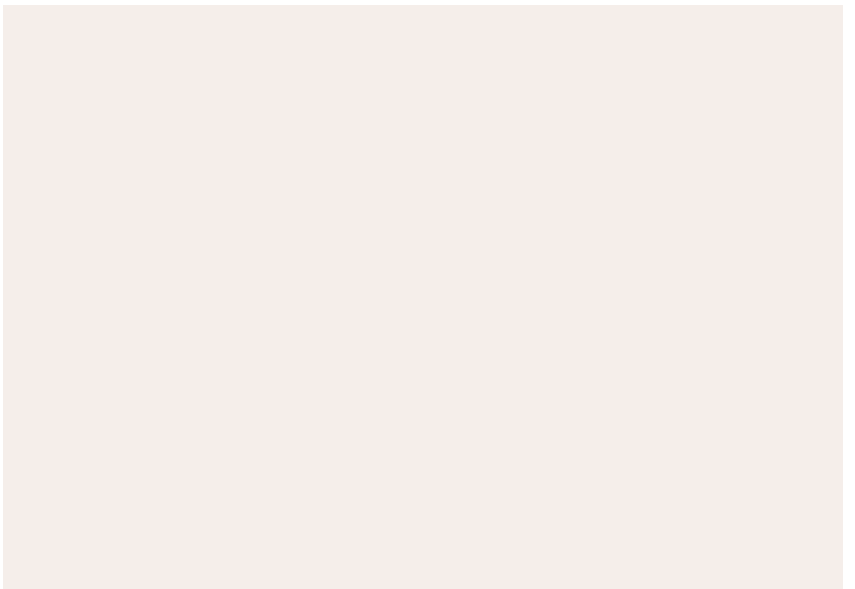
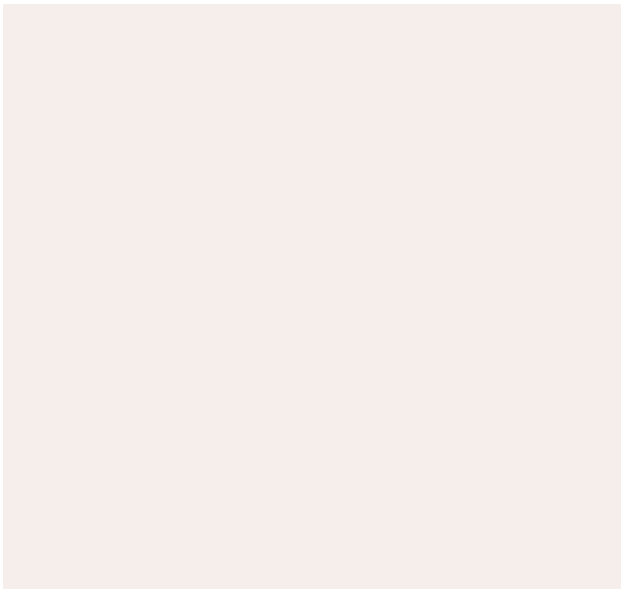


Percent of women age 15-49 who changed contraceptive method or use status between PMA Phase 1 (August-October 2020) and PMA Phase 2





*Percent of women age 15-49 who engaged in one of the following contraceptive use behaviors between PMA Phase 1 (August-October 2020) and PMA Phase 2*



DA 5-bX]UWt`YVtg]bzfa Uh]cb'cb'\_bck`YX[ YzdfUM]WzUbXWj YfU[ YcZZla ]nd'Ubb]b[ gYfj ]Wg]b % ( Ybi a YfU]cb UFYUggYWMX'i g]b[ Ua i`h]!gU[ YgfU] YX` cluster design with urban-rural and region strata. The PMA panel survey was conducted in 33 districts among eligible females aged 15-49 at the time of the Phase 2 survey September-December 2021, who were interviewed at the Phase 1 survey between August and October 2020 and consented to follow-up (92.7% of Phase 1 population). Of the 5,071 eligible respondents, 8.9% were not reached for follow-up. Of those reached, 4,544 (89.6%) completed the survey, for a response rate of 98.4% among contacted women. For sampling information and full data sets, visit [www.pmadata.org/countries/india](http://www.pmadata.org/countries/india).

Percentages presented in this brief have been rounded and may not add up to 100%.

PMA uses mobile technology and female resident data collectors to support rapid-turnaround surveys to monitor key family planning and health indicators in Africa and Asia. PMA India is led by the Indian Institute of Health Management Rt d1 not re gs578.100he not ra seint dath7 (l)-(r)20. aepf O d As22s mo(l -1.25 l)-l -1.22